



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

May/8

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/13	AND ENDING	12/31/13
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: D.H. HILL SEC	CURITIES, LLLP		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
7	'821 FM 1960 E, SUITE B		
	(No. and Street)		(1)
HUMBLE,	TEXAS		77346
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS RE	EPORT (832) 644-1852
			(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in t		
1)	lame – if individual, state last, firs	t, middle name)	
6610 MALIBU DRIVE	HOUSTON,	TEXAS	77092
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			<i>,</i>
☐ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its possess	ions.	
F	OR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	
			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	DAN H. HILL				, swear	r (or affirm) that, to	the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financi D.H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP	al stateme	nt and	supporting sche			
of	DECEMBER 31	, 20	13	are true and co	orrect.	I further swear (or	affirm) that
nei	ther the company nor any partner, proprietor, pr	incipal off	icer or	director has an	y propi	rietary interest in ar	y account
cla	ssified solely as that of a customer, except as foll	ows:					
	Robbi M. Cole)	Le		
	Commission Expires 09-18-2017		G	si everl fr	ignatur Lec	pol	
	Robbi M. Cole Notary Public				Title		
	s report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equi (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subording. (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve I	n. ity or Partn nated to Cl Requireme	laims o	f Creditors. suant to Rule 1	5c3-3.		
	 (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Co (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation for Determination of the Reser (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unconsolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies 	anation of twe Require	the Corements	nputation of Ne Under Exhibit nts of Financial	et Capit A of R Condi	tal Under Rule 15c3- tule 15c3-3. tion with respect to	methods of

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Reimer, McGuinness & Associates, PC

CPAs & Advisors

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Partners D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP Humble, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP (the "Partnership") as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in partners' capital and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements that are filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations, changes in partners' capital and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information presented in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Reimer, Mc Lumers & associates P.C. Houston, Texas

February 14, 2014

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP Statements of Financial Condition December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013		2012	
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,904	\$	72,243
Investments		33,472		21,017
Commissions receivable, net of allowance		101,941		35,910
Marketing fees receivable, net of allowance		23,391		6,282
Accounts receivable		-	•	2,092
CRD deposits		1,366		2,101
Total Current Assets	-	303,073		139,645
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation				
of \$71,761 and \$71,084 at December 31, 2013				
and 2012, respectively	·			677
Total Assets	\$	303,073	\$	140,322
				1.0,0
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	9,580	\$	8,654
Commissions payable	Ψ.	86,282	φ	24,325
Continuosions pay acid		00,202		44,343
Total Liabilities		95,862		32,979
Partners' Capital	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	207,211	***************************************	107,343
Total Liabilities and Partners' Capital	\$	303,073	\$	140,322

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP Statements of Operations For Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013	2012
Revenues			
Commissions		\$ 2,948,145	\$ 1,918,597
Unrealized gains		12,455	404
Other		258,487	237,934
Total Revenues	_	3,219,087	2,156,935
Expenses			
Commissions		2,178,179	1,399,755
General and administrative		941,040	740,663
Total Expenses	· · ·	3,119,219	2,140,418
Net Income	\$	99,868	\$ 16,517

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP Statements of Changes in Partners' Capital For Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	General Partner's Capital		Limited Partner's Capital		Total Partner's Capital	
Balance, January 1, 2012	\$	13,795	\$	77,031	\$	90,826
Net income		330		16,186		16,517
Partners' withdrawals		e s		-	****	-
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$	14,125	\$	93,217	\$	107,343
Net income		1,997		97,863		99,868
Partners' withdrawals		-		- ,		-
Rounding adjustment		9		***		PRO
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	16,131	\$	191,080	\$	207,211

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP Statements of Cash Flows For Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

*		2013		2012
Cash flows from operating activities			2	
Net Income	\$	99,868	\$	16,517
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		677		1,419
Decrease (increase) in commissions and accounts receivable		(63,938)		39,481
Decrease (increase) in marketing fees receivable		(17,109)		8,447
Decrease (increase) in CRD deposits		735		(1,383)
Unrealized gain on securities		(12,455)		(404)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		926		(346)
(Decrease) increase in commissions payable		61,957		(28,652)
Net cash provided by operating activities	Barildan control section for the land de-	70,661	, wasterland	35,079
Net increase in cash		70,661		35,079
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	72,243	- Santana Company Company Company	37,164
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	142,904	\$	72,243
Supplemental Disclosures:				
Cash Paid for Interest	\$		\$	-
Cash Paid for Taxes	\$	-	\$	-

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP (the "Partnership") is a Humble, Texas based broker and dealer of securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and a dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Partnership was registered as a Limited Liability Partnership in 1996 and commenced operations on June 10, 1996. On December 20, 2002, the Partnership filed a Certificate of Amendment to change the name of the Limited Liability Partnership from First Financial United Investments, Ltd., L.L.P. to D. H. Hill Securities, LLP. In 2010 the Partnership filed a Certificate of Amendment to change the name of the partnership from D.H. Hill Securities, LLP to D.H. Hill Securities, LLLP. Substantially all of the Partnership's customers are located in Texas and Florida. The Partnership is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (the "FINRA") and Securities Investors Protection Corporation (the "SIPC").

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain immaterial reclassifications have been made to prior year balances to conform to the 2013 financial statement presentation.

Commission Revenue

The firm offers securities on an application basis. As such, the Partnership does not hold or deliver securities or funds for any of its customers. The Partnership recognizes commission revenue on a trade date basis.

Commission Expense

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the amount the Partnership expects to collect, which approximates fair value. Receivables shall be charged off to bad debt expense and the related allowance for doubtful accounts credited when they are deemed to be uncollectible. As of the balance sheet date, the Partnership has no uncollectible receivables.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Expenditures for major renewals and betterments are capitalized; expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. When property is retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, furniture and equipment consists of the following:

	2013	2012
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 37,997	\$ 37,997
Furniture and Fixtures	33,764	33,764
Total Property and Equipment	71,761	71,761
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(71,761)	(71,084)
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ -	\$ 677

Income Taxes

Federal income taxes have not been provided for in the accompanying financial statements as the income of the Partnership is included in the respective Partners' individual federal tax returns. In general, tax returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for a period of three years. Currently, tax years 2010 to 2013 remain open to examination. The Partnership is current on all tax filings.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Partnership considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Commissions and Marketing Fees Receivable

Commissions and marketing fees receivable are recorded at net realizable value, which approximates fair value. Specific allowance is made for known doubtful accounts. Historically the Partnership has not encountered significant uncollectible receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts had a zero balance at both December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Liabilities

At both December 31, 2013 and 2012, liabilities consist of payables that are expected to be settled in less than one year.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments

Marketable securities consist of stock which is classified as trading securities and is reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are reported as part of earnings. The Company uses the specific identification method in determining realized gains and losses on sales of securities.

NOTE 2 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Partnership has a verbal agreement with a corporation which is 100% owned by the limited partner of the Partnership, whereby the corporation can bill the Partnership monthly for general and administrative services, including employee costs, if the corporation chooses to do so. The Partnership paid \$714,423 and \$361,163 during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These entities are under common control, and the existence of that control could result in operating results or financial position of the Partnership significantly different from what would have resulted if the entities were autonomous.

NOTE 3 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Partnership to credit risk consist primarily of cash and accounts and commissions receivable. The Partnership maintains its cash with major banks, and all balances are fully insured by the Federal Depositor Insurance Corporation. The terms of these deposits are on demand to minimize risk. The Partnership has not incurred losses related to these deposits.

The Partnership's receivables were due from commissions earned from the trade of securities and consulting services. Although the Partnership is directly affected by the stock brokerage industry, management does not believe a significant credit risk existed at December 31, 2013 and 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2013, twenty customers accounted for approximately 27% of revenues, each generating at least one percent of sales commissions. For the year ended December 31, 2012, twenty customers accounted for 28% of revenues, each generating at least one percent of sales commissions.

NOTE 4 - MINIMUM NET CAPITAL BACKGROUND

Pursuant to the Uniform Net Capital requirements of the SEC under Rule 15c3-1, the Partnership is required to maintain a minimum net capital balance, as defined under such Rule, of \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, as defined under such rule not to exceed 15 to 1.

The Partnership's net capital exceeded the required net capital by \$153,763 and \$75,353 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Partnership's ratio of indebtedness to net capital was to .60 to 1 and 0.41 to 1 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 5 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of shares of domestic equity securities, with a cost basis of \$13,036 at both December 31, 2013 and 2012. Fair value of marketable securities at the end of the periods consists of the following:

Fair value at January 1, 2012	\$ 20,613
Unrealized gain for 2012	404
Fair value at December 31, 2012	21,017
Unrealized gain for 2012	12,455
Fair value at December 31, 2013	\$ 33,472

NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Partnership has adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which among other things, requires enhanced disclosures about assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value. ASC 820 establishes a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy established under ASC 820 gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to observable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Partnership has the ability to access.

<u>Level 2</u> – Inputs, excluding those included in Level 1, are either observable prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets, observable prices for similar assets and liabilities, or other inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data at the measurement date.

<u>Level 3</u> – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2013.

NOTE 6 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Domestic equities are valued at the quoted market price of shares held by the Partnership at year end.

The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Partnership believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Partnership's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2013:

	Quoted Market		(Other			
		Prices in		Observable		bservable	
	Act	Active Markets		nputs	Inputs		
	((Level 1)		evel 2)	(Level 3)		
U.S. equities	\$	33,472	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	33,472	\$		\$	344	

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Partnership's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2012:

	Que	oted Market		Other		
	Prices in		Ob	servable	τ	Jnobservable
	Active Markets		Inputs			Inputs
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)			(Level 3)
U.S. equities	\$	21,017	\$	-	\$	-
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	21,017	\$		\$_	-

All of the Partnership's investments are exchange traded domestic equities, and are categorized as Level 1 at both December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 7 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The effects of accounting pronouncements that have been issued but have not yet taken effect are not believed to be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 14, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

D. H. HILL SECURITIES, LLLP Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2013 and 2012

			2013		2012
Computation of Net Capital:					
Total partners' capital (from Statement of Financial Condition)		\$	207,211	\$	107,343
Total partners' capital qualified for net capital		\$	207,211	\$	107,343
Deductions: (Non-Allowable)					C T T
Property and equipment, net			15 (50		677
Commissions receivable in excess of commissions payable			15,659		11,585
Haircuts on securities pursuant to 15c3-1(f)			6,642		4,053
Other receivables			23,391		8,374
Petty cash			0		200
CRD Cash		***************************************	1,366		2,101
Net capital		\$	160,154	\$	80,353
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness:					
Total aggregate liabilities		\$	95,862		32,979
Total aggregate indebtedness			95,862		32,979
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital			59.86%		41.04%
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirements:					
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)			6,391	**************************************	2,199
Minimum dollar net capital requirement		,	5,000		5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above amounts)			6,391	************************	5,000
Excess net capital			153,763	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	75,353
Reconciliation with Company's Computation:					
(included in Part II of Form X - 17A-5 as of December 31, 2013)					
Net capital, reported in Company's Part II FOCUS Report (unaudite Audit adjustments:	ed)		160,334		80,452
Adjustment to petty cash					(100)
Adjustment to haircut on Securities			(180)		-
				-	
Net capital per above		\$	160,154	\$	80,352

See Independent Auditors' Report.

EXEMPTION CLAIMED FROM THE PROVISIONS OF RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION December 31, 2013

At December 31, 2013, exemption is claimed from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 15c3(k) (2) (ii), since, it is an introducing broker and dealer.



Reimer, McGuinness & Associates, PC

CPAs & Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

To the Partners D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP Humble, TX 77346

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP for the year ended December 31, 2013 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), we considered the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership's internal control. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Partnership's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Partnership including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Partnership is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we noted the following matters involving the control procedures and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of D. H. Hill Securities, LLLP, for the year ended December 31, 2013 and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 14, 2014. Due to the size of the organization, there are insufficient personnel to segregate key accounting functions on a cost effective basis.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

limer. Mc Leinners & associates, P.C.

Houston, Texas

February 14, 2014